ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

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DUE DILIGENCE

- Request List of Executives Representing the Company
- Secretary of State's Website: Business Entity Search
- Foreign entities registered in Texas (Search Parent State's SOS Website) *Delaware reports if there are any delinquent taxes owed.
- Pacer Search for pending lawsuits (Bankruptcy Lawsuits)
- Get buy-in soon as possible (Letter of Intent) before executing Final Agreement

Different Tools

- 4A/4B Economic Incentive Public Improvement Agreements
- Municipal Development **Districts**
- Chapter 380 Incentive Agreements
- Property Tax Abatement
- Tax Increment Reinvestment Zones

- **Districts**
- Planned Unit Development **Districts**
- Expedited Permitting **Process**
- Public Private Partnership
 - **Coordination Agreements**
- Philanthropy and other key partnerships



Background

Texas Development Corporation Act



1979

Texas Legislature adopted the TDCA allowing municipalities to create "non-profit development corporations" that could promote the creation of new and expanded industry and manufacturing activity within the municipality and its vicinity."



1989

Texas Legislature amended the TDCA to create Section 4A (primarily to promote new/expanded industrial and manufacturing activities).



1991

Texas Legislature amended the TDCA to create Section 4B (with the intent to expand availability of a city to promote economic development, including quality of life improvements).



Type A Corporations

Sales Tax Revenue CAN be Used

- Manufacturing and industrial facilities, recycling facilities, distribution center, and small warehouse facilities.
- Regional or national corporate headquarters facilities, primary job training facilities operated by higher education institutions, job training classes, telephone call centers and career centers not located within a junior college taxing district.
- Certain infrastructure improvements that promote or develop new or expanded business enterprises.
- Aviation facilities
- Commuter rail, light rail or commuter bus operations
- Port-related facilities, railports, rail switching facilities, marine ports, inland ports.
- Maintenance and operating costs associated with projects.

Resource: Texas Comptroller's Office: https://comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/type-ab/



Type B Corporations

Sales Tax Revenue CAN be Used

- Professional and amateur sports and athletic facilities, tourism and entertainment facilities, convention facilities and public parks.
- Related store, restaurant, concession, parking and transportation facilities.
- Related street, water and sewer facilities
- Affordable housing.

To promote and develop new and expanded business enterprises that create or retain primary jobs, a Type B EDC may fund:

- Public safety facilities
- Recycling facilities
- Streets, roads, drainage and related improvements.
- Demolition of existing structures.
- General municipally owned improvements
- Maintenance and operating costs associated with projects.

MDDs (Municipal Development Districts)

- Local Gov't Code Ch. 377: Requires an election, including its ETJ, to create the district and adopt a sales tax to fund it.
 - Mirrors 4B EDC, authorized to fund the same projects but without the same procedures.
 - Funds may only be distributed within the District.
 - Considered a political subdivision.



CH. 380 Tax Incentive Agreements

- Local Gov't Code Ch. 380: Likely the most flexible economic development tool. City discretion to provide grants and loans to promote all types of economic development projects.
 - Chapter 380 Incentive Program must be adopted by the city's governing body.
 - Must achieve a public purpose.
 - Limited to current funds and should review for compliance with city bond and grant documents.



Property Tax Abatement

- Tax Code Ch. 312: Tax abatement program created by city resolution with specific guidelines and criteria.
 - Public Hearing Required
 - Designate Reinvestment Zone
 - Adopt and Implement Tax Abatement Agreement
 - Only exempts/rebates increase in value, not to exceed 10 years.





MADEIRA SUBDIVISION

1,300-acre upscale community includes residential and commercial/retail development, including over 13 miles of Hike/Bike Trails, Community Parks/Pools, Tennis Courts, etc.

<u>TIRZ</u> — Tex. Tax Code Ch. 311: Create a TIRZ to facilitate the development of the land, including public facilities and amenities.

<u>PID</u> – Tex. Local Gov't Code Ch. 372: Create a Public Improvement District (assessments applied to property owners).

LGC – Tex. Transportation Code Ch. 431 and Tex. Local Gov't Code 394 (has powers of a transportation corporation, including power to issue bonds and notes).

Management District – Tex. Local Gov't Code Ch. 375

Resources:

Texas Comptroller's Office:

https://comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/ch311/tirz-process.php

Texas City Attorney's Association: Administration of Public Improvement Districts/ TIRZ:

https://tcaaonlineseminars.org/?page id=1977

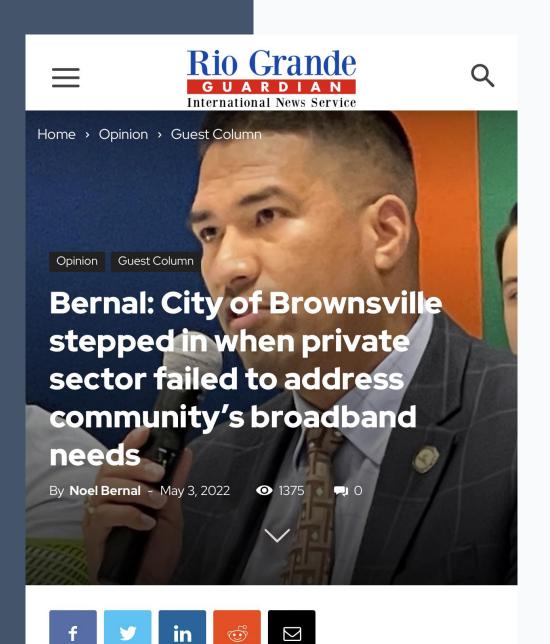
Texas Municipal League Economic Development Handbook:
https://www.tml.org/DocumentCenter/View/1471/2020-Economic-Dev-HDBK-Final



Master
Planned
Developments
and other
Zoning Tools

<u>Planned Development Districts</u> — Tex. Loc. Gov't Code Ch. 211: Most zoning ordinances often include planned development districts. Courts have upheld the use of PDs. See *Teer v. Duddleston*, 641 S.W.2d 569, 575 (Tex. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1982), 26 Tex. Sup. Ct. J. 544 (July 20, 1983), rev'd on other grounds, 664 S.W.2d 702 (Tex. 1984).

A planned development is defined as a "land area zoned for a single-community subdivision with flexible restrictions on residential, commercial, and public uses . . . an alternative to traditional zoning since it provides a mixing of uses". Planned-Unit Development, Black's Law, Black's Law Dictionary (11th ed. 2019).



P3 Public Private Partnerships/ Coordination Agreements



Brownsville Public Utility

Allowed City of Brownsville to use its property and infrastructure to build out the City's dark-fiber (middle mile) network.



City and Private Partners

Build and transfer the middle-mile backbone to the City. City will fund the construction with ARPA funds.



Last Mile

City will host a lottery to award last middle mile connections and IRUs. Standard service on the network will be at least 100 megabits per second, symmetrical.

Philanthropy

Elon Musk Foundation donated \$1 Million towards the revitalization of Brownsville's Historic Downtown and new housing opportunities.

Plano: Liberty Mutual Insurance issues \$1 Million grant to City to build inclusive park where siblings with and without disabilities can play together.



Questions/Answers

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